



The Cattogno srl organizes various GT touristic lines. It becomes easy, fast and economic to visit Sardinia thanks to various solutions thought for an unforgettable holiday. We come and call for you in Alghero. Furthermore children under 2 years always travel for free.

Asinara island

15€ / 1 day

Frequency: Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. We advise you to acquire tickets at least 2 days before to guarantee the seats on board. The departure is at 8 o'clock at terminus and the return is at 17.30 o'clock from Asinara.

The service will be available since 1 of June until 30 of September 2014.

Asinara region includes various interesting places: towers, castles, beaches, coves, villages and many other things.

- **Cala Sant'Andrea:** It is a mounted beach, enchanting and interesting from ornithological point of view as you can find gull nests. Because of the environmental protection the access to this beach is forbidden.
- **Cala Sabina:** Probably the most known beach on the island because of its clear sea, incredible bottom and soft beach with thick vegetation.
- **Cala d'Arena:** Majestic beach in the North of the island, almost near "Punta Scorno". The peculiarity of this wonderful beach is its rose sand. Because of the environmental protection the access to this beach is forbidden.

- **Asinara Castle:** It stands out over the granitic massif, probably built by the noble family of Malaspina. The legend says that once it was Red Beard's residence and because of him it was called an inlet near Fornelli. The structure is consisted completely of granite and there are wooden beams at the entrance. The interior part is completely tumbledown but there still traces which probably belonged to the room. There is an untouched lodge in the South West, while in the South East you can find a tank. If you want to get there you need to do a tortuous trip guided by scattered signals.
- **Cala Sant'Andrea:** It is a mounted beach, enchanting and interesting from ornithological point of view as you can find gull nests. Because of the environmental protection the access to this beach is forbidden.
- **The towers**
 - Trabuccato tower XVI BC century
 - Cala d'Oliva tower XVI BC century
 - Cala d'Arena tower
- **The Charnel house:** Requested in 1936 by the Austrian government; it contains the rests of 7048 Austro-Hungarian soldiers who fought in the First World War. The bones are placed in 18 showcases in the unique room. Besides, inside you can find represented: Santo Stefano, la Madonna and San Giuseppe in pottery.
- **Cala Reale:** It is a safe landing and the closest small village of the homonym inlet was built in the last decade in the nineteenth century and it presents various interesting structures for example: The royal palace, nowadays the environment office. Most of adjacent buildings to the royal palace nowadays are used for the touristic service, besides there are bars and a hostel. Other social structure is the main street and it is easy to recognize the hospital, the church and the Austro Hungarian chapel.
- **The hospital:** Takes part of the whole buildings that constitutes the maritime healthcare station ,finished in 1889. The architecture reflects the interesting and particular epoch. Not far away from the hospital you can find the biological laboratory.
- **The chapel:** It was built in 1915. At the end of the First World War the war ill prisoners poured in to the leper hospital of Asinara. Because of this situation the Austro- Hungarians built a chapel similar to their hometown art. It is made of cement blocks and its façade presents 4 small columns and low relief that symbolizes the compassion.

- **The church:** Initially it was used as a furnace, later changed into a church around 1950. The structure is composed by 3 naves. The central one was finished with an apse in the North. On the façade there are two columns in granite on which is placed the tympanum.
- **The prison:** The safest prison from Asinara had various detachments in the whole island; each one was managed by a branch manager, who was in the care of a warrant officer, on duty in Oliva inlet. There resided the director and the vice director, as well all the workers.
- **Fornelli ramification:** It is located in the southern part from the island. At the beginning this dislocation had three bedrooms and during the Second World War it was used like a tuberculosis place. After 1975 it was the Fornelli prison where were detained various representatives from the Red Brigades as well Anonima's kidnaps. In 1992 because of the 41 article it was opened like the maximum-security prison for mafia crimes.
- **Santa Maria:** It is situated the southern part of the island, not far away from "Fornelli". Those arrested worked here in the agriculture and farming (pigs, horses, sheep, goats and cows).
It is interesting to remark its name: foreign legion, because the most of the arrested were foreigners.
- **Tumbarinu:** Situated in the proximity of the Sant'Andrea inlet, practically in the middle of the island, therein rarely were arrested and their function was to baste the firewood provisions. Those were imprisoned especially for carnal crimes.
- **Stretti:** It appears in 1918 and it purely had agricultural backdrop but it was left in 1958 because of its position. It is located between two massifs, the north and the south one, exactly over a windy plateau (especially northwest winds).
- **"Campu Perdu":** Situated in the West from Reale, but in its immediate neighborhood. Here it was located the modern stables that nowadays are used like police stations.
- **Trabuccato:** Immediately in the East from Reale, in front of Trabuccato tower, some arrested were employed for wine growing. The detention capacity was reduced like in "Campu Perdu".

Holiday house Vel Mari

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